

Southeast Michigan **Transportation Operations** Center

November 2015 **MONTHLY PERFORMANCE**

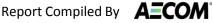


MEASURES

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MDOT'S MISSION:

Providing the highest quality integrated transportation services for economic benefit and improved quality of life.

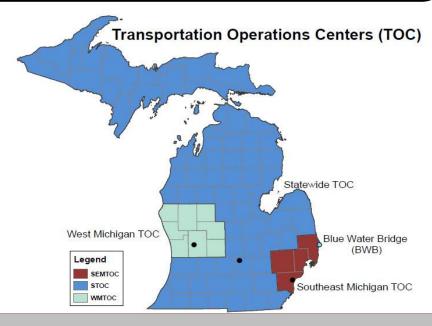




Traveler Information

The Statewide TOC (STOC) is responsible for traffic operations along more than 1,200 miles of freeway in the state of Michigan. STOC has intelligent transportation systems (ITS) equipment throughout five Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) regions, including: Bay, University, Southwest, Superior, and North.

The West Michigan TOC is responsible for traffic operations along 45 miles of freeway, while also covering 18 non-freeway trunkline miles in the greater Grand Rapids area and Grand Haven.

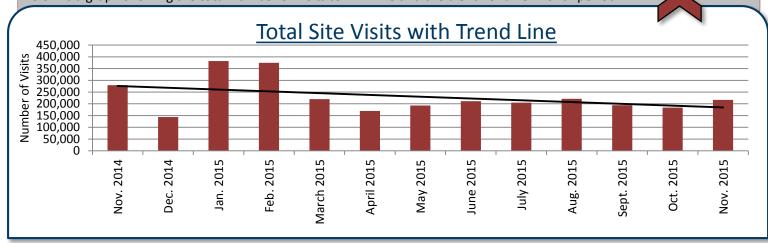


The Southeast Michigan TOC (SEMTOC) is a hub of ITS technology applications at MDOT. It is a world-class traffic management center where staff oversees a traffic monitoring system composed of 200 freeway miles, including the Blue Water Bridge (BWB) that connects I-94 and I-69 in the United States with Highway 402 in Canada. The BWB is one of the fastest links between the Midwest and Ontario.



A "visit" is counted each time a user accesses the **www.michigan.gov/drive** website, regardless of the number of pages viewed within the site. "Mobile" visits are those where the site is accessed using a mobile device, while "Non-Mobile" visits are those where the website is accessed from a computer.

Below is a graph showing the total number of visits to Mi Drive and the trend for a 13-month period.





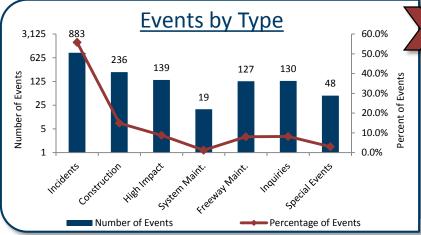
Control Room Activity

A task in which the control room operator (CRO) is involved. Multiple categories of events exist (e.g., Incident, Event:

Construction, Special Event).

Call: Any phone call that comes into or goes out of the control room. Multiple calls may be associated with one event. Incident: An event that impacts the shoulder, lane(s) or a ramp of a state of Michigan trunkline (e.g., accident, vehicle fire,

debris or police situation).

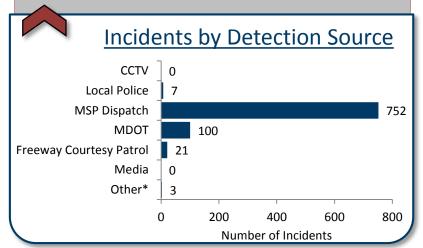


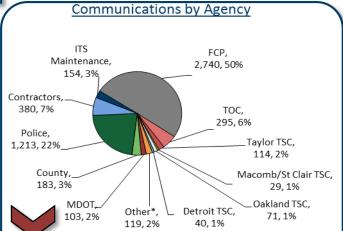
Control room **Events** consist of: construction, incidents, high impact (see definition on page 6), system maintenance (software and hardware), freeway maintenance (lighting, field equipment, potholes, sweeping, etc.), traffic inquiries (public and agencies), special event coordination, and Freeway Courtesy Patrol (FCP) assists (excluded from this table and described on page 4).

CROs logged 1,582 Events along the freeways, excluding FCP assists. The top **Event** categories are shown in the chart.

CROs rely on various sources to detect **Events** that occur along the freeways. When an **Event** is detected, the CRO is required to note which detection source was used. This not only ensures that the **Event** was detected by a reliable source, but also provides insight as to which sources are utilized most frequently.

*Other includes Mi Drive, Twitter and contractors.

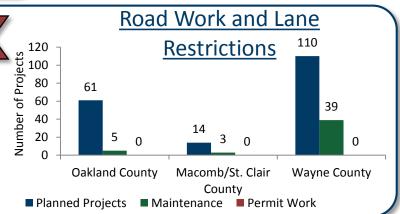




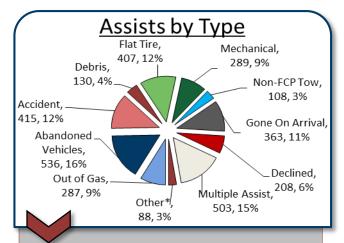
CROs managed **5,441 Communications** this month. The majority of all **Communications**, **50** percent, were between the control room and the FCP.

- *Communications refer to phone calls and radio transactions.
- *Other includes Airport, Border, City of Detroit, Fire, Media, Special Event Venues and Transit Agencies, and DTMB.

CROs are responsible for monitoring and managing traffic operations along the freeways. It is critical to know where road work and lane restrictions are taking place and the impact that they may have on freeway operations. The mobility coordinator maintains frequent communication with MDOT staff, consultants and contractors to ensure that the CROs are kept up-to-date on the locations and impacts of road work and lane restrictions that include Planned Projects (Construction) and Maintenance (Repairs).



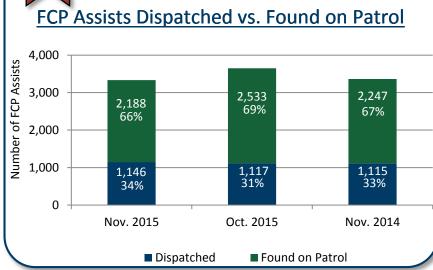
Freeway Courtesy Patrol

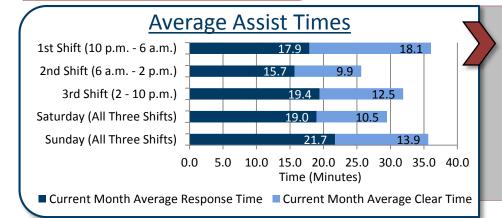


The FCP is a federally funded service provided to the public to assist stranded motorists, provide traffic control for **Incidents** and improve mobility along the freeways by keeping travel lanes clear of debris and disabled vehicles. The FCP had a total of **3,334** assists. The majority of the assists (**16 percent**) were identifying **Abandoned Vehicles**.

*Other includes Cellular Assists, FCP Tow, Gave Directions, Traffic Policing, and Motorist Transport.

FCP drivers are required to patrol their routes when not actively assisting a motorist. While on patrol, the driver may find an **Event** that the control room is not yet aware of. He/she will contact the control room via radio and the **Event** will be logged as "Found on Patrol." Likewise, if the CROs detect an **Event** that may require FCP involvement, he/she will dispatch the driver to the **Event** location and log it as "Dispatched."





The response and clear times for all FCP assists are logged by CROs. The average response and clear times for the current month are depicted on the graph to the left.

Shift response times may differ greatly due to the number of units on duty and their coverage areas. (Weekends and 1st shifts only have two units on the road covering all zones).

The FCP patrols more than **320** miles of freeway in southeast Michigan. They provided the most assistance along **I-75** (**887 assists**). On **M-8**, they experienced the highest assist density (**18.6 assists per mile**).

Freeway	Miles	Total Assists	Assist Density (assists per mile)	Avg. Response Time (minutes)	Avg. Clear Time (minutes)	
I-75	87.6	887	10.1	18.6	16.7	
I-94	60.7	719	11.8	16.5	12.6	
I-96	34.0	431	12.7	19.5	10.8	
I-275	37.5	235	6.3	17.5	10.6	
I-696	28.7	429	14.9	18.1	9.4	
M-59	24.0	42	1.8	4.5	0.5	
I-375	1.2	3	2.5	6.0	1.0	
M-10 (Lodge)	17.9	284	15.9	17.9	13.8	
M-14	6.4	39	6.1	22.0	18.4	
M-39 (Southfield)	14.2	206	14.5	14.4	7.6	
M-5 (Grand River)	10.3	18	1.7	16.0	6.8	
M-8 (Davison)	2.2	41	18.6	20.0	3.3	



Traveler Assistance

Most-Utilized DMS for Unique Messages

Location	# Unique	% of Total	
Location	Messages	Unique Messages	
EB I-94 @ Belleville	80	8.63%	
NB I-75 @ Bagley	74	7.98%	
EB I-96 @ Joy	74	7.98%	
NB I-375 @ Gratiot	58	6.26%	
NB M-10 @ Porter	51	5.50%	

There were 927
unique messages
displayed throughout the
ITS network. A "unique
message" may be an
Incident, AMBER Alert,
construction or special
event message.

Travel-time messages are routinely displayed when unique messages are not active. Travel times are updated every 3 minutes.

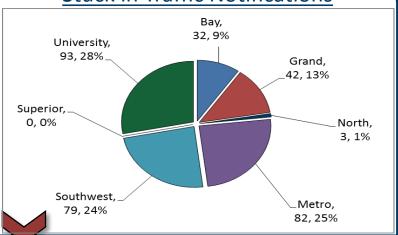
ITS Field Device Availability

	Availability			
Device Type	Functional	Non-Functional	Total	
CCTV	235	19	254	
MVDS	315	28	343	
DMS	82	11	93	

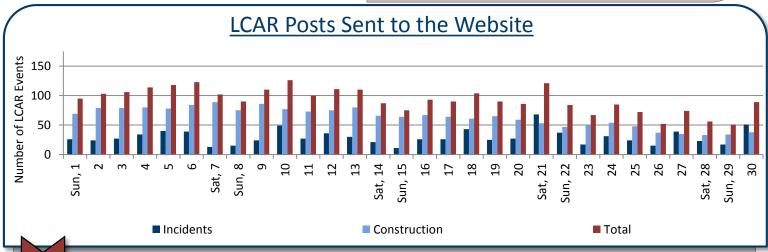
CROs track the average daily availability of all system devices so that timely maintenance can occur. The reliability of the devices in turn ensures that CROs have tools available to accurately provide traffic conditions to the motoring public.

- Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) Cameras
- Microwave Vehicle Detection Systems (MVDS)
- Dynamic Message Signs (DMS)

Stuck in Traffic Notifications



Travelers with smartphones or Web-enabled mobile devices can go to the Mi Drive website and click on the "Stuck in Traffic?" link to report traffic delays or incidents. There were **331 Stuck in Traffic notifications** for the state of Michigan; the graph above shows how many were reported per MDOT region.



Construction and **Incident** information is posted to the Mi Drive website using the Lane Closure and Restrictions (LCAR) tool. Each post that was sent to the website from Metro Detroit is shown in the chart above.



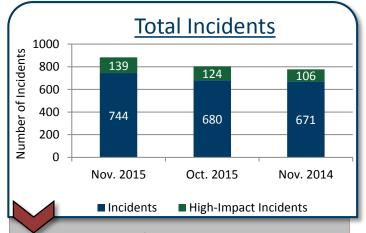
Incident Management

Incidents by Freeway

		Nov. 2015		Oct. 2015			Nov. 2014			
Freeway	Miles	Total Incidents	Incidents per Mile	Average Duration	Total Incidents	Incidents per Mile	Average Duration	Total Incidents	Incidents per Mile	Average Duration
I-275	37.5	76	2.03	46.3 min	59	1.57	61.6 min	52	1.39	43.6 min
I-375	1.2	5	4.17	20.4 min	2	1.67	27.0 min	2	1.67	37.5 min
I-96 (Jeffries)	34	117	3.44	44.0 min	109	3.21	41.9 min	101	2.97	41.9 min
I-696 (Ruether)	28.7	118	4.11	40.5 min	121	4.22	40.7 min	127	4.43	47.3 min
I-75 (Chrysler/Fisher)	87.6	215	2.45	53.7 min	179	2.04	53.4 min	181	2.07	47.2 min
I-94 (Ford)	60.7	224	3.69	41.0 min	202	3.33	59.6 min	175	2.88	46.8 min
M-10 (Lodge)	17.9	49	2.74	38.1 min	42	2.35	40.0 min	57	3.18	50.4 min
M-14	6.4	13	2.03	58.8 min	9	1.41	44.7 min	12	1.88	82.2 min
M-39 (Southfield)	14.2	44	3.10	34.3 min	63	4.44	42.4 min	50	3.52	43.1 min
M-59	24	1	0.04	15.0 min	4	0.17	25.5 min	3	0.13	31.7 min
M-8 (Davison)	2.2	10	4.55	72.1 min	10	4.55	36.5 min	13	5.91	56.5 min
Regional Average Duration				45.0 min			50.1 min			46.4 min

I-94 experienced the highest total Incidents; however, M-8 had the greatest incident-per-mile rate. The longest average incident duration occurred along M-8.

The data recorded includes all incidents that were managed by SEMTOC and involve an incident response plan.



There were a total of 883 total Incidents, 15.7 percent of which were high-impact.

A high-impact incident is one that results in a total freeway closure in one direction, a freeway-tofreeway ramp closure, or an incident leaving only one lane open.

The majority of high-impact incidents, 33 percent, occurred along I-94. High-impact incidents have the greatest effect on the freeway system. These incidents have an elevated response plan to best manage incidents to reduce UDC (user delay costs) and increase mobility.

High-Impact Incident Activity

	Nov. 2015	Oct. 2015	Nov. 2014
Freeway Closures All Lanes Closed in One Direction	21	9	18
Lane Closures Only One Lane Open	101	97	77
Ramp Closures Freeway-to-Freeway	17	18	11
Total	139	124	106

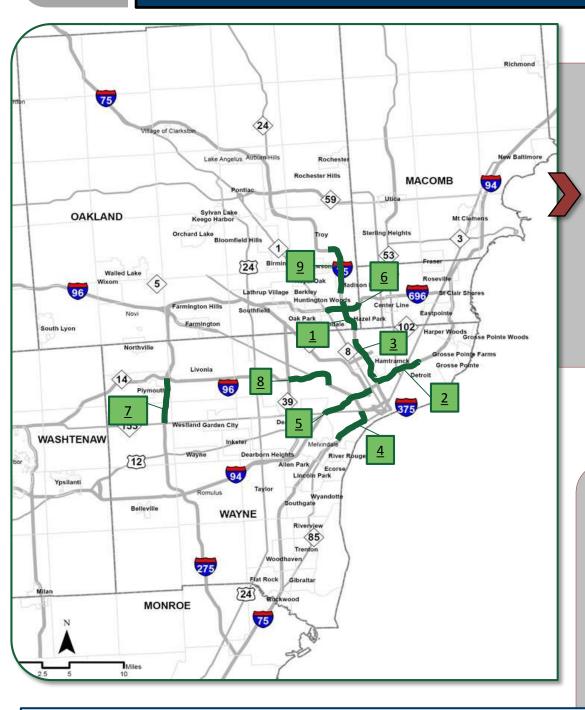
Top Duration Incidents

Location	Date	Duration	Details
Southbound I-275 at US-12 (Michigan Avenue)	Nov. 12, 2015	490 min	Crash blocking all lanes.
Northbound I-75 after Fort Street	Nov. 2, 2015	474 min	Road repairs blocking the right and right center lanes.
Southbound I-75 at Dix Highway	Nov. 28, 2015	399 min	Crash blocking all lanes.
Westbound I-94 at Oakwood Boulevard	Nov. 7, 2015	340 min	Crash blocking all lanes.
Eastbound I-96 after Novi Road	Nov. 30, 2015	323 min	Crash blocking all lanes.

The top duration **Incident** occurred along I-275 and lasted 490 minutes, compared to the average incident duration on I-275 of 46.3 minutes.



Freeway Incident Hot Spots



The Freeway Incident Hot Spot locations for the month are identified on this map. Hot spot **Incidents** may include accidents, debris or weather-related events. Details for each location portrayed on the map can be found in the "Hot Spot Activity" table below.

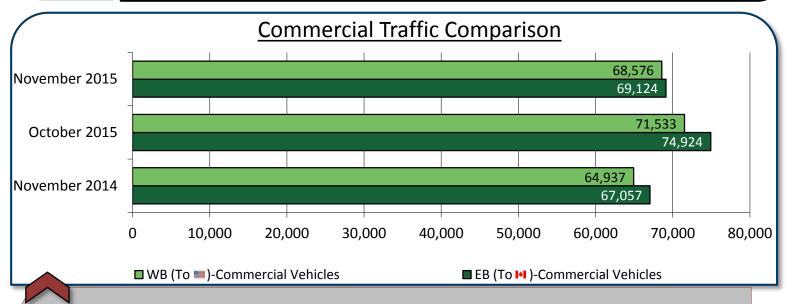
The Freeway Incident Hot **Spot** locations portrayed on the map are described in this table. The data recorded includes all incidents that were managed by SEMTOC and involve an incident response plan.

Hot Spot Activity



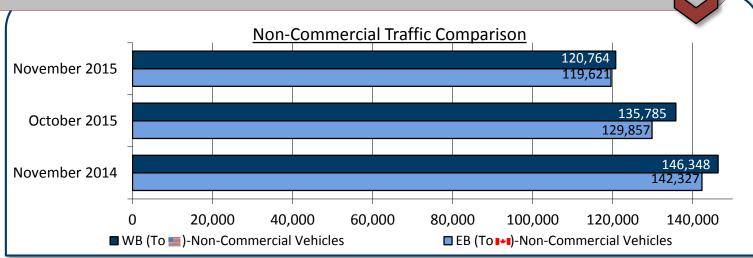
Blue Water Bridge (BWB) Control Room Activity

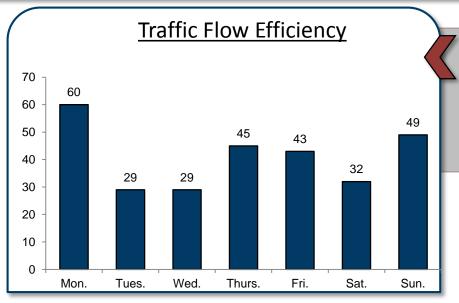
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Located near the I-94/I-69 interchange, the Blue Water Bridge forms a critical gateway linking Canada and the United States. Listed above and below is a traffic analysis for the current month's traffic report by vehicle type* compared to the previous month and current month last year.

*The chart above shows the quantity of commercial vehicles (e.g., tractor-trailer) while the chart below shows the quantity of non-commercial vehicles (e.g., personal vehicles).





To manage traffic from Canada to the United States, CROs change the approaching DMS to manage traffic flow efficiently.

The chart illustrates the CROs sign changes by day of week.